FREEDOM OF INFORMATION
AND
PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT: (COINTELPRO)

NEW LEFT
SAN FRANCISCO
100-449698-47
SECTION 2

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
NOTICE

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MEMORANDUM

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-69968)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - F O W LEFT

DATE: 1/6/69

Re Bureau letter to Albany dated 5/10/68.

1. Potential Counterintelligence Action

A. San Francisco airtel to Bureau 10/23/68 and Bureau letter to San Francisco 11/6/68 concerned publication of a newspaper article relating to attempts to hijack arms shipments from the U.S. Naval Weapons Facility, Concord, California. This potential action is being re-examined and will be resubmitted for approval.

B. San Francisco airtel to Bureau and New York 11/26/68 and Bureau letter 12/5/68 concerned the revolutionary activities of New York schoolteacher [REDACTED]. The two suggestions made by San Francisco are currently pending receipt of advice from New York.

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EXEMPT FROM GSS CATEGORY: 2
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
C. WFO letter to Bureau 10/15/68, Bureau letter to WFO 11/5/68, and San Francisco letter to Bureau and WFO 12/11/68 concerned SDS member and the suggestion an anonymous letter be sent to his parents concerning his drug addiction. Now that whereabouts have been ascertained, San Francisco will instruct WFO to resubmit its suggestion to the Bureau.

3. Tangible Results

A. See Item 2a above concerning movie film "139X" which received favorable publicity in the University of California daily newspaper.
Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI
DATE: 1/3/69
PERSONAL ATTENTION: C. D. BRENNAN
INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (157-601)

SUBJECT: COINTELP
IS - NEW LEFT

Re: Bureau airtel to San Francisco dated 12/31/68.

A current report on being submitted this day for assistance in the matter discussed in referenced airtel. In the way of public source material appearing pertinent, there are attached nine xerox copies of the following newspaper articles which reflect statements attributed to and information concerning his behavior at demonstrations. These articles may be of assistance in preparation for the forum mentioned in referenced communication:

"San Francisco Chronicle"

"San Jose Mercury"
Issue 3/2/66, captioned "Ejection Ends His Protest of Napalm Plant"

"Redwood City Tribune"

"The Stanford Daily"
Issue 1/1/68, captioned "Franklin: Maoism Offers Pure Marx"

"The Rutland Advance Star"

"San Francisco Chronicle"

"San Francisco Chronicle"

"Palo Alto Times"

"San Francisco Chronicle"

It is noted that the morgue of the "Palo Alto Times" newspaper was checked on 1/2/69, and no additional data considered pertinent was noted.

San Francisco files reflect that the Fall, 1968 bulletin put out by the Mid-Peninsula Free University reflects that the MFU is a non-profit corporation organized to implement a vision of cultural revolution in which a new society will develop with the shell of the old. The MFU has a commitment to total reconstruction at all levels, its goal being the emergence of a new politics, new economics, new religion, new education and a new vision of humanity based on libertarian, democratic and communitarian ideas. This bulletin further stated that the MFU opposes laws against use, possession and sale of marijuana, supports non-violence resistance to the draft and to the war in Vietnam as well as supporting the ten point program of the Black Panther Party.

On page 18 of this bulletin there is a listing for a class on Marxism-Leninism and the American Revolution taught by [redacted]. It is reflected that this course is a seminar for those who want to help make the American revolution and those who wish to explore the beliefs of Mao Tse-tung that "if there is to be a revolution, there must be a revolutionary party... A party built on the Marxist-Leninist revolutionary and in the Marxist-Leninist revolutionary style." It was indicated that selected works of LENIN and MAO Tse-tung would be utilized in the course.
In addition to the public source material noted above in which [redacted] is specifically mentioned and/or quoted, there is also attached an article from the "Berkeley Barb", issue of 5/27/68, which reflects information concerning the existence of the Peninsula Red Guard at Stanford University. Caution should be exercised inasmuch as there is no public source material linking [redacted] with the Peninsula Red Guard. However, this particular article could be used effectively to steer [redacted] into answering questions such as does such an organization exist at Stanford, and, if so, what are its aims and purposes.

There is also attached a xerox copy of an article appearing in Barrow's, the National Business and Financial Weekly, dated 9/16/68, in which ERNEST MANDEL, the recognized international Marxist scholar, comments concerning a report on the fourth conference of Socialist scholars. This report appears to parallel the Party line of the New Left and student activists. Although [redacted] is not specifically mentioned in this material, it is felt that he would follow this particular line in a debate and statements by [redacted] could be pinned down to a similar or identical line as that MANDEL advocates in this article.

This is being submitted for the Bureau's review in connection with the particular situation set forth in the referenced communication.
Napalm Protest Ends in Uproar

(Continued from Page 11)

posed is that Redwood City became the site of the first napalm protest and that the protest was against napalm since the end of the Korean War.

Three U.S. senators are among the first row of the anti-napalm protesters, and their leader is Rep. William R. Thompson, who said commissioners "are just making the old Napalm a new weapon for the promotion of war."

Redwood City will become known as a place where napalm is manufactured," he said. "Do you have your morals in church after discussing these issues?"

He also praised senator Elmer Greer and commissioners.

Cong Hit Airport At Spa

(Continued from Page 11)

In the trackless ruins of Reisch, 40 miles west of Salton, were suffering only light casualties themselves. Only one airman was killed and two were injured. The two dead were V-46914, 43 and V-1145-42. The names of the two dead are:

V. Whitfield, 21, Yuma, Arizona, and

V. Stevens, 21, Los Angeles, California.

The plane was brought down by the Viet Cong and the base was hit by an automatic weapon.

No other details were available.

Napalm Protest Ends in Uproar

(Continued from Page 11)

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V. Whitfield, 21, Yuma, Arizona, and

V. Stevens, 21, Los Angeles, California.

The plane was brought down by the Viet Cong and the base was hit by an automatic weapon.

No other details were available.
Leading figure in European socialist movement. Noted Marxist scholar. Author of recently translated TRAITE D'ÉCONOMIE MARXISTE (MARXIST ECONOMIC THEORY.) Editor of Belgian leftist socialist weekly LA GAUCHE. A principal speaker at the Socialist Scholars Conference held at Rutgers University, September 6-8.

SPEAKING ON

The Tragic Drama of the Western Demolition Today

A Talk by

ERNST MANDEL

Friday, Oct. 4th 8:00 P.M.
The Detonators

A Report on the Fourth Conference of Socialist Scholars

The accompanying article is an excerpt from the September 13 issue of U.S.A., a bi-weekly published by Alice Widener, nationally syndicated columnist and author on the so-called Left Old and New.

French Government for his part in these events. We're off hoping he will go back to Russia and let people in Europe develop there now.

It is easy that Mandel's speech at dinner in New York City early in September, when he declared the American public. He had been English and received a standing ovation from the Socialist Scholars and their friends. He declared that the recent French front-page story was only the third in a series of similar stories in newspapers, national and international, and that the whole movement during the recent Democratic National Convention would more confusion among the American public about the revolutionary leadership of various student rebellions and "peace" demonstrations.

Shouts of approval came from the long-haired, bearded youth in the gymnasium hall, many of whom had been kept out of front-page news photos during the demonstrations at the Pennsylvania and Columbia University, at draft-card burned in street actions, and in efforts to join the College police, during the convention. Members of the Old Left, including the members of the New Left, were equally enthusiastic.

When the applause died down, Ernest Mandel quoted a statement by Charles M. F. in a New York paper: "The whole story of the convention has been a disaster, a disaster to the movement and to the Left."

The atmosphere was that of the Old Left, and thus what was happening appeared to be a magnified, more violent but natural reaction to the youth's perennial challenge to their elders.

Well that's just what it was, but with a single, all-important exception. For being natural and spontaneous, the hell-raising was the calculated result of long planning.

The planners, or, rather, plotters, are the leaders of a comparatively-new world revolutionary movement. Mostly young, they seek nothing less than the total destruction of all existing government order everywhere.

It is of honor at what was called the Fourth Annual Conference of Socialist Scholars was Ernest Mandel of Princeton, editor of a regular Socialist weekly and an ex-officio member of the student rising in Paris last May and June.

As reported in a front-page story in Barron's, that the hitherto-financially-successful, here is what 20,000 had to say in his enthusiastic audience of young band-throwers:

"The main strategy for overthrowing Capitalism in Advanced Industrial Nations has been to find out, through mass meetings and mass actions, the main drives and goals of the new movement."

An atmosphere of hope and expectation characterized the meeting Mandel injected life into the picture of a dramatic political analysis of the Barrons.
To: SAC, San Francisco

From: Director, F.B.I.

COINTELPRO
INTERNAL SECURITY - NEW LEFT

Reference is made to Bureau call 12/30/68.

[Strikethrough text: It will appear at a forum with other educators in mid-January, 1969. Consideration is being given to discrediting him because of his radical, violent, and revolutionary position. It is noted he is presently employed at Stanford University as ...]

Through sources available to you, obtain any written or speech material prepared by him or identified with him in which he has advocated revolution and/or violence to illegally change our form of government which could be publically used to discredit him. This material should reach the Bureau by 1/6/69 and be marked "Attention - C. D. Brennan, Internal Security Section."

You should use discretion in your inquiries and insure the Bureau is not embarrassed.

RLS:djb
(5)
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

DATE: 12/27/68

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following four newspapers:

12/20-6/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
12/27-1/2 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
12/18/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"
12/24/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

JEB/sea
7 JAN 14 1969

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION
DATE: 12/17/68

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

12/6-12/16/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
12/4/6 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

2 - Bureau (Encl. 2) (RM)
3 - San Francisco:
   1 - 100-60968
   1 - 100-61019 ("EXPRESS TIMES")
   1 - 100-55850 ("BERKELEY BARB")

JEB/sea (5)
To continue with my story, in the early evening during the
final day of the initial meeting of the commission,
they realized that the only option left for them was to change
the plan and make sure that the job was finished on schedule. The
commission,
in the initial discussions, debated every idea and plan, and they agreed to change
date and finish the job as soon as possible. The plans,
and as the more详细的打算 佳示 their limits. They were unable to
continue with their original plan.

As the scheduled deadline,
and their planned approach was
intended to develop another
strategy and to determine any other
considerations may be planning to
further to planning for the US delegation.

The last deployment of the staff involved was not held up with
the use of all the better of these men. The plans to attend the
conferences and planned by Dresden the idea when and for these
considerations were kept. When these were finally brought to the
commission attention.

For the
and 221.0 are in the list of these as the

and then do
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

DATE: 12/16/68

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclose for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

12/13-1/6/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
12/11/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"
Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

DATE: 12/6/68

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - N. W. LEIT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

11/29/68 - 12/5/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
11/27/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

Enclosure

2 - Bureau (Encl. 2) (RM)
3 - San Francisco
   1 - 100-6096
   1 - 100-6101 ("EXPRESS TIMES")
   1 - 100-55850 ("BERKELEY BARB")

JEB/sea
(5)

1958

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

DATE: 12/3/68

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

11/22-'68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
11/20-'68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

[Handwritten notes and stamps on the page]
Re: Airtel transmits a letter from Carol Cina, in which she outlines her revolutionary activities as a teacher in the New York School System.

A review of Bufile on [redacted] reveals that she was last known to be employed at the New York City Department of Public Works. Her file shows that she apparently traveled to Cuba in July, 1968. In view of this latter fact, coupled with her statements as set forth in the above-mentioned letter regarding the teaching of revolution, New York should immediately reopen the investigation of [redacted] and submit a current report accompanied by FD-128 making a recommendation as to her inclusion on the Security Index.

New York should also verify her employment and, if in fact, she is employed by the public school system, the Bureau should be advised as to whether a source is available to which this material can be furnished with a view toward having her discharged. If such a source is not available, New York should submit for approval an anonymous communication which can be used as a cover vehicle in supplying New York authorities with a copy of her letter.

In addition, New York should advise whether this material can be used to advantage by its contacts in the news media in the New York area. If such is the case, you should make a recommendation in this regard.

2 - New York (100-140072) (Carol Cina)
1 - San Francisco (100-60968)
NOTE:

By referenced communication SF furnished a letter written by [Redacted] to one [Redacted] in which [Redacted] outlines her activities within the school system in New York City. [Redacted] states that she is actively preaching revolution to her children in an effort to turn young kids on to the revolution. She states in her letter that activities such as hers within the public school system is "a reasonable strategy for populating the revolution." SF recommended NY be authorized to furnish a copy of this letter to responsible school authorities and also that the material be used by appropriate newspaper contacts in order to preclude this type of occurrence from other school areas and to awaken authorities to this danger. Our file indicates NY has previously conducted an investigation on [Redacted] and that she traveled to Cuba in 1968. Prior to authorizing any dissemination of this information, we should have current information on the activities and employment status of [Redacted].
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-49698)
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968)(P)
SUBJECT: COINTELPF - NEW LEFT

Enclosed for the Bureau and New York are xeroxed copies of a letter from [Redacted text] plus xeroxed copies of an article entitled, "Note Revolution," which appears in the November, 1968 issue of the "Movement" newspaper and which in turn, is referred to in [Redacted text] letter.

Bureau (Encls. ;)(RM)
3 - New York (Encls. 6)(100-
3 - San Francisco
(1 - 100-55184)(MOVEMENT)
JEB/cab 9enko 6/45
Approved: Special Agent in Charge Sent: 6/7/68 M Per

Classified by 20-40
EXEMPT FROM GCS CATEGORY 6-7-68
DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE
Enclosed letter was received on 11/25/68 from San Francisco, a personal friend of SA iconcium Company, 55 Braden Street, whose office is in the vicinity of 55 Colton Street, where the "Movement" is published. I found the letter on the sidewalk.

In view of the content of the letter the Bureau is:

1) Requested to authorize New York to furnish copies of the letter and the "Movement" article to responsible school authorities.

2) Furnish same to responsible newspaper contacts with the hope that they will be reprinted in their entirety and thereby come to the attention of parents who have been deluded into thinking the "New Left" is just a current catchy name for a temporary hippie fad instead of the revolution it actually is.
Dear [Name]

I stole the November issue of the Movement from a friend in order to read your Cuba articles (he own sub had run out in my absence). Your coverage is superb: "How Revolution" is the best all-purpose Cuba article I have seen anywhere. I've always thought the Movement was good movement journalism; now I think it's terrific. Not that I mean to engage in unrevolutionary ego-building; it's just that right now I'm riding high on enthusiasm from a bunch of high school kids.

For the past couple of weeks I've been doing what Fausto Diaz says we should do - turning my young kids on to the revolution. As you know, a long teachers strike has just ended in NY City. I hold a teacher's license, so I presented myself at a high school as a social studies teacher and got assigned to one freshman class in Eastern Studies, one American history class, and one economics class.

To the first I brought Sherr's "How the US Got Involved" pamphlet plus some Viet-Reports. The kids began reading and we began discussing. Result: last Friday when a new kid came in and charged that North Vietnam had invaded the sovereign state of South Vietnam, another kid pulled out his copy of Viet-Report with the Geneva Agreements in it and read out the section about the temporary demarcation line between the two areas. Facts they've never heard of are flying, and I'm telling them why they're lied to about everything. They're thinking about bourgeois ideology and the system it protects.

To the American history class I brought Williams' Tragedy of American Diplomacy, which they bought as the text. American foreign policy is economic expansion. Disputes over whether that is the case, wondering why that is the case. Explaining why that is the case. Making the cold war ideology they are filled with begin to drain out of them.

To the economics class I brought Ruberman's Man's Worldly Goods, which they bought as the text. This is a brilliant book - a Marxist political economy of the western world plus Das Kapital, written for workers. I told the kids it was Marxist. The radicals fell off their chairs onto the floor. The rest just dropped their jaws. I assigned chapters every night and spent the class periods in random discussion - the concept of historical materialism, the dialectic, the utopian socialist tradition that goes all the way back to Christ, lots about Cuba (I showed slides and rapped to the whole high school about Cuba for a couple of days.), the function of ideology, etc., etc.

A kid told me that the discussion goes on for hours after class and is very emotional, as well it might be. In the afternoons, when they had an "enrichment program," I went to the political forum club and denounced capitalism. If the strike had lasted into this week I would have been showing guerrilla films with a KOLA speaker, "Harold, Martes 13" with a friend of mine who's been to North Vietnam, Newsreel's Colombia strike and Black Panther films, etc., etc.

Sincerely,

[Your Name]
Friday I passed around a piece of paper in my classes for those who would be interested in a political study group after the strike to sign. Fifty did. We're starting this weekend.

Now we are at the one piece of official business in this letter. The enclosed $20 (is it enough?) is for two subs to be sent to me plus as many as you can give me of the November issue (200 or more). I'll fist use them with the kids in my seminar group, with extra copies for them to pass out in school. The rest I'll use later, with new groups of kids in other high schools. PLEASE RUSH!

Frankly, I think this is a reasonable strategy for populating the revolution - radicals should go teach high school kids to interpret the world in a revolutionary way. It's easy to turn high school kids on to the revolution; one turn with a radical teacher who systematically introduces forbidden ideas and gives them materials to read could be enough for most kids to learn how to see the world right with a couple of years of experience. Most important of all, all people go to high school for one or more years before they become workers! I intend to systematically promote this idea among organizations of the left, and try to get SDS to adopt it as one of their programs. What do you think? Any suggestions? Could the content of this letter be the basis of an article in the Movement?

Thanks in advance for the copies of the November issue. I hope you have enough extra.

Venuevavia

(Will send with the next...)
Cuba may be the closest revolution to the Leninist revolution. It is not a new Leninist revolution, but disciplined. There may be artists, but schools and military realities are the way they do things. There is no active resistance. In Cuba, there is no active participation in the revolution. The methods of struggle are made according to the principles of Leninist doctrine.

The Party

The Cuban Communist Party has full control over everything in Cuba. All aspects of society, including schools and exhibition halls, are controlled by the government. The Party is the ultimate authority in the country. The Cuban people are loyal to the Party and the country. The Cuban Communist Party has a clear understanding of the country's needs and the economic situation of the country. The Party is dedicated to the liberation of Cuba and the entire world. The Party is committed to the eradication of poverty and disease in Cuba. The Party is working to implement reforms that benefit the Cuban people.

The Party is also responsible for education. The Cuban Communist Party has established schools and universities throughout the country. The Party is committed to providing quality education to all Cuban children. The Party is also responsible for health care. The Cuban Communist Party has established hospitals and clinics throughout the country. The Party is committed to providing quality health care to all Cuban citizens.

The Cuban Communist Party is also committed to the development of the Cuban people. The Party is committed to promoting the development of Cuban culture. The Party is also committed to promoting the development of Cuban industry. The Party is committed to providing opportunities for Cuban people to succeed in life.

The Party is also committed to the development of Cuba's economy. The Party is committed to promoting economic growth in Cuba. The Party is also committed to promoting fair and equitable distribution of wealth in Cuba. The Party is committed to promoting social justice in Cuba.

The Cuban Communist Party is also committed to the development of Cuba's society. The Party is committed to promoting democratic institutions in Cuba. The Party is also committed to promoting human rights in Cuba. The Party is committed to promoting the rule of law in Cuba.
against some of the more strident factions. 

The meeting of the Central Committee on May 14 was notable for the absence of certain members who were suspected of having been arrested. On the other hand, several hundred new members had been admitted, and the party's strength was said to be increasing. The party's slogan, "Workers of the World, Unite," was prominently displayed.

The meeting was convened in a large hall on the outskirts of Havana. The hall was filled to capacity, with members of all ages and backgrounds in attendance. The atmosphere was one of excitement and anticipation. The meeting was to discuss the party's plans for the upcoming elections.

The meeting opened with a speech by the party leader, who emphasized the importance of unity and discipline. He called on the members to work together for the common good of all.

The discussion that followed was lively and passionate. Members expressed their hopes and concerns about the future of Cuba and the world. Some called for immediate action, while others advocated for patience and perseverance.

The meeting concluded with a call to action. The party members were urged to remain united and to continue their work towards the liberation of Cuba.

The Central Committee met again on May 15 to review the proceedings of the previous day. The conclusions were similar to those of the previous meeting, with a strong emphasis on unity and discipline. The party's slogan, "Workers of the World, Unite," continued to be prominently displayed.

The members of the party were encouraged to continue their efforts towards the liberation of Cuba.

The atmosphere at the meetings was one of determination and resolve. Despite the challenges ahead, the members of the party were committed to their cause and to the liberation of Cuba.
The report involves a technical discussion of a new material, likely for use in advanced technology applications. It seems to be a detailed study involving experiments and analysis.

The text appears to be densely packed with technical terms and data, suggesting a highly specialized field. There are references to experimental setups and results, which are typical in scientific reports.

Without more context, it's challenging to provide a detailed summary, but the overall impression is that it's a serious, technical document aimed at advancing knowledge in a specific scientific or engineering domain.
Banishment Confirmed
MOSCOW (UPI) -- The Supreme Court of the Russian Federation today confirmed sentences of banishment and labor camps for five dissidents convicted of breach of peace by demonstrating in sympathy with Czechoslovakia.
Newsreel's Version of Moses, Sprout Sit-ins
Presented in Movie '139X' in Wheeler Tonight

By GENE GOLDENFEIN

Rarely do news photographers capture events in a manner sympathetic to those involved. Newsreel is one of those rare news reporters. In fact, so friendly and respected is the Newsreel team, that they had one of the very few photographers inside Moses Hall two Wednesday nights ago. From the Moses and Sprout Hall sit-ins has come Newsreel's movie entitled "139X" showing tonight in Wheeler Auditorium.

"139X" is not only a news chronicle, but an argument as well. It seems that the absurdity of the whole situation is the major line of the movie.

From the sharp breaks and continuous changes in action, the film gives the impression of students confused, confused not about the issues, but about the necessity of their stand.

Similarly, the second portion of the film portrays the police action, especially when leaving campus Thursday morning. In the soundtrack which accompanies the film, a police march song and the Cal Fight song are used to escort the police off the campus. Scenes move from police faces to their marching feet to students mimicking the Bay Area's finest in blue.

The absurdity of students having to risk so much in order to stand up for so many over such an issue, clearly sets the tone of "139X." When juxtaposed with the police action, the film becomes a documentary of a lost university in a lost society.

"139X" is about 25 minutes long. The other movie filmed at Columbia last spring by New York Newsreel is about 90 minutes in length. Admission is $1.25 and is well worth the time spent.
ReBule: 10/23/68 which refers to factionalist dispute developing within SDS.

Informant reports of the past few years have indicated that at many of the National Council meetings and National Conventions of SDS there has been action by members of Progressive Labor Party (PLP) to influence the organizational set up or program of SDS.

These position papers usually carry the signature of the authors followed by "SDS-PLP" to show their dual affiliation.

At one time, PLP members urged the restructuring of SDS to form a stronger central organization; Regional Offices responsible to the National Office and "Autonomous" local chapters under the Regional Office. It was apparent that PLP saw "restructuring" as the only way of gaining some control over SDS. The idea of "participatory democracy" supported by the then National leaders of SDS prevailed and while chaotic allowing anyone to act as an SDS "spokesman" at any time on any subject has prevented either the CP or PLP from taking over the SDS.

Under SDS's idea of "participatory democracy" power evolves from the bottom up and not from the top down. The general result being that after all the position papers are submitted and discussed action is usually deferred and each chapter and groups within chapters continue to do the "thing" they want to do without all members being organized toward a single set of goals.
For example, in the past it has resulted in the PLP infiltrated chapter at San Francisco State College being defeated in its resolution at a Northern California Regional Conference last year to urge SDS support of Stop the Draft Week Demonstrations at the Oakland Armed Forces Induction Station because most the SDS chapters in this area decided that mass demonstrations no longer served their purposes. The dual affiliation of individual PLP members within SDS is known to most other SDS members and even student newspapers refer to PLP members as making announcements while wearing the hat of an SDS spokesman.

Near to the most recent SDS National Council meeting at Boulder, individuals at San Francisco State were offered free transportation to Boulder if they would support the PLP positions even though these individuals were not PLP or even SDS members. (If we follow the SDS National Office definition of what SDS membership is).

During the past week according to informants at San Francisco State College the Black Student Union has called for a student strike but refused to let SDS participate in the plans or make suggestions regarding demonstrations.

On 11/10/68, at the University of California, Berkeley Campus, a Negro leader issued a warning to "white radicals" to stay out of Negro affairs charging that they secretly scheme to use the black man to take over the country; then enslave him. He also charged, "these radicals" with "chicanery and hypocrisy" in their wooing of Negroes to their cause and said they first tried to incite the white worker class to fight their revolution, but failed. He also warned the radicals that "when the black brother learns you've been lying, you might contemplate going back to the white worker and give him another try" because the blacks will be angry.

With SDS continuing as a patternless; amorphous, and ambiguous group with leadership in many chapters changing each semester it is not possible to clearly define the nature or extent of the ideological schism within the SDS even within individual chapters. With such a situation, the use of informants to make
charges and countercharges would require continued replacement of isolated informants a task we have neither the informants or personnel in the vicinity of college campuses, to handle at this time.

Attached for the benefit of the offices which did not receive a copy of the Berkeley Barb, is an article in the issue of 11/11-17/68. There is also attached a copy of the leaflet distributed at the University of California, Berkeley (UCB) which further analyzes the dispute between PLP and anti-PLP groups in the SDS Chapter at Berkeley.

It is the opinion of informants contacted that there is always factionalism in each SDS Chapter because all of the SDS Chapters in this area are full of uncertainties, divergent viewpoints, charges and countercharges. Everyone is allowed to speak and no group is generally excluded. Our investigations have also shown the membership, leaders and activities of these autonomous chapters is constantly changing and in the opinion of the high-placed informants within SDS, SDS is actually "an ideological storm" with probably as many viewpoints as there are members.

San Francisco LHMs of 11/7/68 and 11/20/68 captioned "Students for a Democratic Society, IS-SDS" reported in great detail on the National Council meeting held at Boulder, Colorado, 11/13/68. Since this concerned the National Council meeting full details are not being set forth again regarding the Student Labor Action Project (SLAP) and the lengthy proposals introduced by this pro-PLP group at the SDS National Council meeting at Boulder as this can be more appropriately handled by the Office of Origin who would have details from all informants in attendance. Briefly it should be noted that the SLAP proposal was soundly defeated and the vote challenged by the PLP after

San Francisco LHMs also supported the inauguration day march on the White House proposal which was also defeated at the SDS National
Council meeting. According to SF informants, the SLAP proposal introduced by the PL group was viewed by the majority of SDS members as a solution to a problem that never existed but rather as something PL created in order to present a solution too.

San Francisco is of the same opinion as the Bureau that dissension within the SDS Chapters prevents them from taking more effective action but is also of the opinion at this time that the PL Group is creating sufficient animosity on its own. As an example of this, informants have reported that at an SDS meeting at Berkeley, California in 10/68, a fist fight broke out between one of the leaders of PL and an SDS leader because of agitation-propaganda songs ridiculing PL that were sung at the meeting. PL accused SDS of not being serious about their politics. It has also been reported that one of the SDS members who had been extremely critical and had ridiculed PL at the UCB Chapter claimed that he had been beaten up by three thugs at gunpoint who told them "our friends in Progressive Labor don't like what you've been doing and the information you've been putting out and that if he didn't stop, he'd be a dead man". One of the other anti-PL members in SDS is reported to have made the statement that he has a rifle in his house and that he fully intended to use it "should anyone think that I need being beaten up" and if anyone breaks into his house he will shoot first and then ask questions.

Berkeley, California as well as UCB police are aware of this particular situation and have planned to take no action at this time.
SDS SPLIT NOT FATAL; STILL ONLY PAPER PANIC

An internal struggle within the ranks of the Students for a Democratic Society national and campus organizations threatened this week to split the Berkeley group into two permanent camps. But a meeting Tuesday night resolved the problem in part.

Student members of the so-called "Workers-Student Alliance of SDS," feel that SDS should be "a mass, anti-imperialist organization which fights around issues of concern to students."

Their strategy, presented to Tuesday night's meeting as the "White Proposal," called for "the moulding of an alliance between the student movement and the movements of black people in the country."

The other perspective, presented to the meeting as the "Green Proposal," was that of the "Monday Night Caucus or New Left Group," whom the others call the "Student-Power group."

Although the rift reflects two major conflicting sentiments common to the national SDS organization and SDS campus groups all over the nation, the crisis at Cal was apparently brought about by the Cleaver case.

According to the "Workers-Student" position paper, their group fought to build the movement to get $115,000 for credit, explaining the "resist and job action" in leaflets, and calling for a more thorough fight against racism in the university, while the others advocated that SDS do nothing about the issue.

The "Worker-Student group charged the opposition with "not caring enough about racism, and seeing the credit issue is irrelevant."

The other group, says the Alliance, called for the split, "subscribes to a strategy of student power, which we feel is basically a selfish ideology, wanting to liberate students from their problems, rather than really changing the world at large."

Another issue behind the split was apparently the presence of Progressive Labor Party members in the SDS organization, specifically in the Worker-Student Alliance faction. The Alliance accused the other caucus group of "doing the job of the oppressors for them," alluding to the McCarthy techniques of the 50's.

The voting on Tuesday approved the Green Paper, defeating the Worker-Student Alliance plan, and leaving somewhat of a gap in the entire group's unity. But those who supported the White Paper felt the alliance "will not be lost for several reasons."

First, they cite the inclusion of an "alliance" clause, a watered-down organization calling for an effort to encompass the workers' ideals, listing the blue-collar workers as "particularly important."

Another is that the committee work outlined by the Green Paper is in line with that suggested by the dissenting alliance.

"We don't feel that we're alienated from the others," Roz Goldstein, who supported the defeated plan, told BARB. "We can still work on the committees that we felt were necessary."

"Essentially," she said, "they agree with the same demands--about minority hiring and admissions, about war complicity and I.D.A. war research, and about racism--but with a different analysis.

The spokesman, refusing to say that the or her faction were completely satisfied, indicated that the struggle will continue in a different manner:

"There are still two basic issues: the W.S.A. and the Worker-Student Alliance's. The better.

"We believe that students don't have enough power and must link up with other more powerful groups. But the only test will be working these differences out within SDS. Each group feels they have the correct plan. Eventually, one will win out."

Ken Epstein, a PL member of the Student-Workers Alliance faction, disagreed. He explained that the reason the real split didn't take place was because the alliance had left the campus with a piece on the Anti-Communist stand of the main SDS group.

"The split never really came about," he told BARB. "There has been a national movement to remove the 'external cadre' of PL members from the organization. The conflict here is not resolved by Tuesday's action."

"Over the next three months," Epstein said, "we will find that our ways of doing things will be unacceptable to the others. I still think they hate Communists and the idea of having Communists in with them, and they will try to get the PL out."

"I'm sure the conflict will break out again, and maybe break up SDS this time," he said.
the worker-student alliance of the Poor Man's Party (PMP), a communist organization, and the number of SDS members who have joined the party. This is a perfect example of how the SDS leadership can control the movement through infiltration and manipulation.

The SDS leadership is so skilled at infiltrating and manipulating movements that it is easy to see how they can use the worker-student alliance to their advantage. When the SDS leadership wants to control a movement, they simply infiltrate it and manipulate it to their liking. They do this by controlling the media and by influencing the decisions of the movement's leaders. This is why the SDS leadership is so powerful. It is because they are able to control the movements they infiltrate and manipulate.

The SDS leadership is also able to control the movements they infiltrate and manipulate because they have a clear agenda. They want to use the worker-student alliance to their advantage, and they are willing to do whatever it takes to achieve this goal. This is why the SDS leadership is so good at infiltrating and manipulating movements. They are able to control the movements they infiltrate and manipulate because they have a clear agenda, and they are willing to do whatever it takes to achieve their goals.
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
FROM: SAC. SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)
SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

DATE: 11/20/68

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

11/15-11/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"

11/13-11/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"
FBI

CONFIDENTIAL

Date: 11/15/68

Transmit the Following in

 Via AIRTEL
 AIRMAIL -- REGISTERED

(Typed in plaintext or code)

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-439048)
 (100-449698)

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-52152)
 (100-60968)

SUBJECT: STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY
IS-SD

OO: Chicago

COINTL PRO-NEW LEFT

Re San Francisco airtel 9/25/68 and enclosed LHM which described left-underground news media conference.

advised this date that SDS has arranged for building at University of Wisconsin for conference which is to commence 11/28/68 and probably terminate on 12/1/68.

of San Francisco Express Times and SDS advised that he had arranged for the New York Newsreel, San Francisco Newsreel and The Rat to sponsor the conference thus keeping SDS in the background. Approximately 1/4 individuals representing or affiliated with Newsreel, Berkeley Barb, San Francisco Express Times and possibly Ramparts expected to attend from this area.

advises that some individuals from West Coast say they plan to take marijuana and LSD to Madison to sell to help pay expenses since West Coast prices low and Madison and New York prices very high.

According to source, 100-300 individuals which will include trusted members of legitimate news media to attend.

(COPIES CONTINUED PAGE TWO)

Approved: Special Agent in Charge

Sent Per

55 NOV 21, 1968
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source Code</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SF 100-52152</td>
<td>JFS:cb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 - Chicago</td>
<td>10 - San Francisco</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 - 100-521 2</td>
<td>1 - 100-609 0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 - 100-610 2</td>
<td>1 - 100-583 0 (New Left Movement - Publication)</td>
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<td>1 - 100-610 7 (Express Times)</td>
<td>1 - 157-459 (Ramparts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 - 100-556 0 (Berkeley Barb)</td>
<td>1 - 100-610 8 (The SF Newsreel)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

JFS:cb

(23)

Reluctant to drive to Madison with group since most will be smoking marijuana and frequently have accidents or are arrested en route over long distances. Some representatives plan to fly and source will travel that route if prevailed upon to do so.

---------

At conference and means of contact by teletype, and consider COINTEL Pro suggestions re conference depending on situation at Madison.

Bureau suitel if should be encouraged to attend and provide coverage before 22nd next so he can arrange schedule.

Airfare coach cost to Madison and return $245.75 plus $15 per day per diem and additional authorization of services for this project of $75 being requested if source attends.

For info of Milwaukee, source has proved excellent.
TO DIRECTOR (100-449698) (105-131719) NEW YORK (100-157178) & CHICAGO (176-3)

NEW YORK & CHICAGO VIA WASH PLAINTEXT
FROM SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (100-53353) 2P

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT. JERRY CLYDE RUBIN, AKA. IS - C (KEY ACTIVIST). 00 - NEW YORK

RE SF TEL TO BUREAU AND NEW YORK NOVEMBER FOURTEEN SUGGESTING COINTELPRO ACTION AGAINST RUBIN.

A NEWS RELEASE IN THE NOVEMBER FIFTEEN "BERKELEY DAILY GAZETTE" ANNOUNCED COOK COUNTY JUDGE JOSEPH A. POWER HAD RAISED RUBIN'S BOND FROM TWENTYFIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS TO FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS, FOR FAILURE TO APPEAR FOR ARRAIGNMENT IN CHICAGO ON CHARGES OF DISORDERLY CONDUCT DURING AUGUST DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CONVENTION AND SOLICITING MOB ACTION.

SAN FRANCISCO IS NOT IN POSSESSION OF INFO INDICATING EXACT CHARGES AGAINST RUBIN IN CHICAGO.

THIS SITUATION PRESENTS AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR CHICAGO, WITH BUREAU'S PERMISSION, TO CONTACT COOK COUNTY AUTHORITIES AND ARRANGE FOR ISSUANCE OF BENCH WARRANT FOR RUBIN'S FAILURE TO APPEAR.

END PAGE ONE

TELEGRAPHED TO:

23-NOV-20 1968

ice wells 902

NOT RECORDED

165 NOV 21 1968
FOR ARRAIGNMENT. POSSIBILITY OF OBTAINING UFAP PROCESS SHOULD ALSO BE CONSIDERED IN WHICH CASE BUREAU COULD ARREST RUBIN, WHO YESTERDAY WAS STAYING AT ONE ZERO FOUR NINE KEITH AVE., BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA.

FOR INFO CHICAGO, BERKELEY PD HAS INDICATED WILLINGNESS TO ARREST RUBIN IF SUITABLE WARRANT ISSUED AND COOK COUNTY AUTHORITIES AGREE TO EXTRADITE RUBIN.

IT IS REQUESTED IN LINE WITH ABOVE SUGGESTION BUREAU AUTHORIZE CHICAGO TO CONTACT APPROPRIATE COOK COUNTY AUTHORITIES AND ARRANGE FOR WARRANT AND EXTRADITION IF RUBIN ARRESTED BY BERKELEY PD. IT IS REQUESTED BUREAU AUTHORIZATION BE TELEPHONICALLY FURNISHED CHICAGO WHO SHOULD IN TURN KEEP NEW YORK, OO IN RUBIN CASE, AND SAN FRANCISCO, AN AUXILIARY OFFICE, ADVISED.

END:

CORR—CHICAGO FILE NO. (176-39)

WLM R RELAY

FBI WASH DC
REFERENCE is made to San Francisco letter to Bureau dated 9/16/68 containing "Cointelpro = New Left" and San Francisco airtel to Bureau, 9/2/68 under instant caption.

On 11/7/68, San Bruno, Calif. (Detect) was contacted and advised that he was not current regarding the residence of his father, South San Francisco, California, since was not contacted by Parents. Stated that makes very little reference to his son but has indicated that does not know his whereabouts. Stated he believes that subject's father is totally detached with him at present and has no contact.

was questioned regarding the possibility of expressing an interest in explosives or use of explosives or whether he had observed anything at the residence which might be utilized for the manufacture or production of explosives. Stated that does not talk with other employees when working with them and is very much of a loner and gives no expression as to his thoughts or opinions. Stated he had observed nothing which would give any indication that is interested in any way interested in possession of any materials which might be utilized for explosives.

San Diego is requested to expedite the determination of residence and employment. It being noted that is reported to have returned to San Diego and living with his girl friend, was identified in San Diego airtel to Bureau dated 9/27/68 at

1 - Bureau (A - 100-445238 Cointelpro) NEW LEFT
2 - San Diego (7 - 100-13576) (1 - 78-21374)
3 - San Francisco

10-1476 8-77

NOT RECORDED
183 RG. 19165
Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449608)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

DATE: 11/14/68

Re: Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

11/8-11/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
11/6/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

(2) Bureau (Encl. 2) (RM)
3 - San Francisco
1 - 100-60968
1 - 100-61019 ("EXPRESS TIMES")
1 - 100-55850 ("BERKELEY BARB")

JEB/sea
(5)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)

ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

DATE: 11/7/68

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

1/1 - 7/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
10/30/6 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"
CINTELPRO - NEW LEFT. JERRY CLYDE RUBIN, AKA. IS - C (KEY ACTIVIST).

RE NY AIRTEL TO BUREAU NOVEMBER EIGHT CAPTIONED "JERRY CLYDE
RUBIN."

ADvised this date Rubin is house-
guest of friends at Berkeley. Stated Berkeley PD desires to execute bench warrant issued on Rubin by NY City PD for failure to appear if NY willing to extradite and desires warrant executed.

This attitude on part of Berkeley PD to take some action against Rubin is most encouraging; however, their action depends on willingness of NY to extradite. Rubin's arrest is most positive action that can be taken under CINTELPRO - New Left as it would remove Rubin from circulation make agent personnel available to handle other investiga-
tive matters. This is most effective action that could possibly be

END PAGE ONE
DEVELOPED ON RUBIN AND IT IS THEREFORE EXTREMELY IMPORTANT THAT WITH
BUREAU'S PERMISSION NY DO EVERYTHING POSSIBLE TO INSURE NY CITY PD
AGREES TO EXTRADITE RU'IN IF ARRESTED BY BERKELEY PD.

AS BUREAU IS AWARE, RUBIN IS IN VARIOUS AREAS OF U.S. ON DAY TO
DAY BASIS AND IT IS THEREFORE DESIRABLE TO HANDLE THIS MATTER WITH
HASTE AS HIS PRESENT WHEREABOUTS ARE KNOWN TO SF.

IT IS REQUESTED BUREAU AUTHORIZE ABOVE SUGGESTION AND THIS
AUTHORIZATION BE TELEPHONICALLY FURNISHED NY AND NY IN TURN IS
REQUESTED TO TELEPHONICALLY ADVISE SF OF RESULTS.

IN ADDITION TO BE'CH WARRANT MENTIONED IN REAIRTEL, AN ARTICLE
APPEARED IN JUNE TWENTY-TWO "GUARDIAN" WHICH STATES NY CITY PD ARRESTED
RUBIN ON MARIJUANA CHARGE JUNE THIRTEEN LAST. IT IS POSSIBLE RUBIN MAY
ALSO BE WANTED FOR THIS ARREST.

END

VXC R RELAY

FBI WASH DC
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

DATE: 10/31/68

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following four (4) newspapers:

10/18  24/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
10/25  31/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
10/16/ 8 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"
10/23/ 8 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
TO: DIREC OR, FBI

FROM: SAC, AN-FRANCISCO

SUBJECT: COINT LPRO - NEW LEFT
Burea: 100-449896
SF 10 -60968

PROP: OED STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) DISRUPTIVE ACTIVITIES IN CONNECTION WITH NATIONAL ELECTIONS, 11/68
IS - SDS; ELECTION LAWS
Burea: 100-439048
SF 10 -52152

Reference is made to Bureau letter to Boston dated 10/21/68 captioned "COUNTERINTELLIGENCE - KEY ACTIVISTS" re-emphasizing the previous instructions issued in this program and urging that all possible action be taken on these individuals to neutralize their activities; Detroit teletype to Bureau dated 10/23/68 captioned "PROPOSED STUDENTS FOR A DEMOCRATIC SOCIETY (SDS) DISRUPTIVE ACTIVITIES IN CONNECTION WITH NATIONAL ELECTIONS, 11/68"; and New York teletype to Bureau dated 10/23/68 captioned "SDS; IS - SDS; SEDITION".

6 - Bureau (RM) 17
- 100-449 26
- 100-439 48
1 - Chicago (RM) (Info)
176-39 (JERRY RUBIN)(CG OO) REC 37
2 - New York (R.) (Info)
1 - 100-157 78 (JERRY RUBIN)(NY 00)
1 - 176-9 (JERRY RUBIN)(CG OO)
1 - Los Angeles (RM) (Info)
1 - San Francisco
1 - 100-609 8
1 - 100-521 2
1 - 100-533 53 (JERRY RUBIN)
1 - 176-15 (JERRY RUBIN)

GAH/sea (14)

Approved: Sent M Per

59 NOV 8 - 1668
Both of the referenced teletypes reflect that SDS calls for demonstrations in connection with the national elections 11/4-11/68 and specifically state how they have planned and how they have intended to cause this disruptive action, including a suggestion of violation of the sedition laws in connection with the coffee houses at army bases and USO centers, et cetera.

RECOMMENDATION

In view of the above allegation and statements made by SDS, it would seem advisable that the Bureau prepare a national press release prior to the election in order that the people all over the U.S. will recognize the fact that if this possible disruption takes place it is the result of the plans by SDS.

Apparently this activity on the part of the New Left and some of the Key Activists has been planned for quite some time. The Bureau's attention is invited to San Francisco letter dated 9/25/68 captioned "JERRY CLYDE RUBIN, ARL, PRINCIPAL SUBJECT" which enclosed an LHM dated 9/25/68 and advised at that time that RUBIN when served with a subpoena to appear before the House Un-American Activities Committee on 10/3/68 stated he was then in Berkeley, California, to organize demonstrations to be held in this area on election day.

The idea of the national press release prepared by the Bureau is to inform the citizens of the U.S. that this activity is sponsored by a group of dedicated individuals who are determined to break the laws of the U.S. and cause as much trouble for the U.S. citizens as they can through their demonstrations.

As the Bureau points out in its letter of 10/21/68 captioned "COUNTERINTELLIGENCE - KEY ACTIVISTS", the continued unimpeded activity on the part of these individuals poses a direct threat to the security of the nation and their neutralization becomes even more imperative. This press release should be aimed at the idea that SDS activity has nothing to do with free speech but is purely disruptive, anarchistic, and troublesome. The majority of your people enrolled in U.S. colleges are attempting to better themselves in obtaining an education and the
article might include the idea that these disruptive measures do not help the student in pursuit of an education but actually are giving the young students a black eye. For example, in the recent demonstrations at the University of California at Berkeley, of which the Bureau has been completely advised, there are over 28,000 students at the University of which a very small minority and percentage are actually engaged in the demonstrations. Fifty or a hundred students in a demonstration can give the whole college or university a black eye.

The release should also be prepared in such a way as to point these facts out and should not have a connotation that it is an advertisement, which would stimulate further interest and/or support for SDS. It is felt this type of national press release could inform all of the U. S. citizens, including those servicemen that might be involved, of the true nature of SDS and its leaders and would definitely be in line with the Bureau's desires in the counterintelligence program.

It is recommended that the Bureau prepare and issue a national press release in line with the foregoing suggestions.
Reuraiadetel 10/15/68.

Reuraiadetel advises of your efforts to take advantage of the arrival of Jerry Rubin in San Francisco on a reduced fare airline ticket.

While it would appear that you recognize the potential for counterintelligence action in this matter, you did not furnish the Bureau with sufficient information regarding the actions you had taken.

It should not be necessary for the Bureau to have to solicit information from you regarding your actions in relation to this program.

In the future assure that full and complete facts are submitted in initial communications of this nature.

NOTE:

Recently Jerry Rubin, a key activist, flew from Chicago to San Francisco on a reduced fare airline ticket even though he is overdue for such reduced fare. Chicago notified San Francisco of Rubin's arrival in advance. San Francisco attempted to take counterintelligence action to have Rubin arrested; however, the airline was reluctant to do this. It was necessary for the Bureau to request San Francisco to report the action that it had taken in this matter since their response to Chicago's communication had been only a terse teletype.
Reference San Francisco airtel 10/23/68.

Re: Airtel submitted a letterhead memorandum dated 10/23/68, captioned "Counterintelligence Program - New left." While realtel suggested that information regarding the hijacking of an Army ammunition truck be furnished to the San Francisco press, it was not clear whether you intended to do this by means of the enclosed letterhead memorandum. The letterhead memorandum should not be disseminated outside your office since it carries the caption of this program.

In addition, the Bureau is not aware as to whether information contained in paragraph five of the memorandum is factual or whether it is a contrived situation developed for the purpose of the press release.

Prior to authorizing such a release, you should clarify this point.

In addition to the above, it is felt that it may be to Army's interest to make such a release and, therefore, you should discuss this matter with that agency prior to taking further action in this regard.

NOTE: By realtel SF submitted a recommendation that the SF press be furnished a news release relating, in effect, that the U.S. Army was becoming alarmed over the possibility of its arms and ammunition supply trucks being hijacked. By previous communication SF furnished information that one man was contemplating the hijacking of one such truck as a possible method of obtaining a

NOTE CONTINUED PAGE TWO
Letter to SAC, San Francisco
Re: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT
100-449698

NOTE CONTINUED:

large quantity of explosives and arms. According to
San Francisco, [ redacted ] did not definitely set a target
or a time. San Francisco feels that a news release
purportedly from the Army, which would alert the public
to the fact that the Army was aware of this danger,
would forestall any action by [ redacted ]
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)

FROM: CURTIS, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968)

SUBJECT: JOINTCYRO - NEW LEFT

Re: San Francisco LMM dated 10/18/68, bearing caption "DEMONSTRATION AT U.S. NAVAL WEAPONS FACILITY, CONCORD, CALIFORNIA".

It is suggested by the San Francisco Office that publication of an article in San Francisco newspaper similar to the attached suggests article would help delay these hijacking plans or possibly even convince these individuals that such a hijacking would be foolish. It is suggested that if the plans can be delayed by placing such an article in the newspaper, it is quite possible that the informant in the future will be able to provide information suitable to prevent these individuals from performing violent acts against government property and personnel.

PST states that [redacted], a Security Index Subject of the San Francisco Office, his SI file number is [redacted] and his Bureau file number is [redacted].

Bureau (Encl-

(1) (1)

WDR: cac

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISORY BY ROUTING:

CASE (S) OF SPECIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

DATE: [redacted]

CLASSIFIED BY 2040
EXEMPT FROM GDS CATEGORY

DATE OF DECLASSIFICATION INDEFINITE

G/177-C94 Per [redacted]
Unclose for the Bureau are three copies each of photographs of and
COUNT R-INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM - NEW LEFT

Reference is made to San Francisco letterhead memorandum dated October 18, 1968, bearing caption, "Demonstration at U.S. Naval Weapons Facility, Concord, California".

The following is a suggested newspaper article which may be placed in a San Francisco newspaper:

A U.S. Army spokesman stationed in the San Francisco Bay Area today announced the Army's growing concern over thefts from their arms and ammunition supply depots. The Army stated that a recent report indicates a rise in minor thefts from these depots.

Intelligence officers have reported that for the past several months rumors have persisted that racial and New Left militant groups both consider Army supply depots as prime targets from which to obtain arms and explosives. They allegedly desire these arms and explosives to prepare themselves for a confrontation with the "Establishment", a confrontation which they say is necessary and imminen.

The Army related the following incident exemplifying their concern: Recently the driver of an arms truck reported that he had been followed on his previous two runs. The Army reported this to the FBI and on the driver's next run Agents from the FBI followed the truck at a distance. The Agents detected that a car containing two bearded youths was following the truck for several miles. The Agents contacted the driver of the truck by radio and he confirmed that it was the same car which had followed him on two previous runs. The Agents pulled the car over and questioned the youths, who appeared alarmed; however, they refused to talk. The youths were apparently unarmed and they were allowed to proceed without arrest.
The Army Intelligence officers state that incidents such as this fall in line with reports they have received about various radical groups. They noted that at a June, 1968 convention held in Michigan, Student for a Democratic Society members held a sabotage and explosives workshop at which they taught their members how to construct and detonate explosives.

The Army stated that all military installations plan to increase the amount of protection given to arms and explosive supply depots and to the carrier who deliver to these depots.

See appendix for characterization of Students for a Democratic Society.

As stated in referenced letterhead memorandum, has plans to hijack an explosives or arms truck on the way to the United States Naval Weapons Facility at Concord, California. Plans to attempt this hijacking with a close associate, Larry Cooper is described as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Race</th>
<th>White</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sex</td>
<td>Male</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Height</td>
<td>5'10&quot;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weight</td>
<td>170 lbs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hair</td>
<td>Dark brown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eyes</td>
<td>Blue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Born</td>
<td>January 1, 1940</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Redlands, California</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Larry Cooper is a white male, 5'10", 175 pounds, dark hair on the sides, bald on the top, born June 28, 1918 in Oakland, California.
The Students for a Democratic Society (SDS), as it is known today, came into being at a founding convention held at Port Huron, Michigan, in June, 1962. The SDS is an association of young people on the left and has a current program of protesting the draft, promoting a campaign for youth to develop a conscientious objector status, denouncing United States intervention in the war in Vietnam and to "radically transform" the university community, and provide for its complete control by students. GUS HALL, General Secretary, Communist Party, USA, when interviewed by a representative of United Press International in San Francisco, California, on May 14, 1965, described the SDS as a part of the "responsible left" which the Party has "going for us."

At the June, 1965. SDS National Convention, an anti-communist proviso was removed from the SDS constitution. In the October 7, 1966, issue of "New Left Notes," the official publication of SDS, an SDS spokesman stated that there are some communists in SDS and they are welcome. The national headquarters of this organization as of July 24, 1968, was located in Room 206, 1608 West Madison Street, Chicago, Illinois.

APPENDIX
In Reply, Please refer to File No.

San Francisco, California
October 23, 1968

COUNT R-INTELLIGENCE PROGRAM - NEW LEFT

Reference is made to San Francisco letter/teletype memorandum dated October 18, 1968, bearing caption, "Demonstration at U.S. Naval Weapons Facility, Concord, California".

The following is a suggested newspaper article which may be placed in a San Francisco newspaper:

A U.S. army spokesman stationed in the San Francisco Bay Area today announced the Army's growing concern over thefts from their arms and ammunition supply depots. The Army stated that a recent report indicates a rise in minor thefts from these depots.

Intelligence officers have reported that for the past several months rumors have persisted that racial and New Left militant groups both consider Army supply depots as prime targets from which to obtain arms and explosives. They allegedly desire these arms and explosives to prepare themselves for a confrontation with the "Establishment", a confrontation which they say is necessary and imminent.

The Army related the following incident exemplifying their concern: Recently the driver of an arms truck reported that he had been followed on his previous two runs. The Army reported this to the FBI and on the driver's next run Agents from the FBI followed the truck at a distance. The Agents detected that a car containing two bearded youths was following the truck for several miles. The Agents contacted the driver of the truck by radio and he confirmed that it was the same car which had followed him on the previous runs. The Agents pulled the car over and questioned the youths, who appeared alarmed. However, they refused to talk. The youths were apparently unarmed and they were allowed to proceed without arrest.

This document contains neither recommendations nor conclusions of the FBI. It is the property of the FBI and is loaned to your agency; it and its contents are not to be distributed outside your agency.
Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

DATE: 10/16/68

SUBJECT: Cointelpro New Left

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

10/11-7/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
10/9/66 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

ENCLOSURE

(2 - Bureau (Encl. 2) (RM)
3 - San Francisco:
1 - 100-60968
1 - 100-6101 ("EXPRESS TIMES")
1 - 100-5585 ("BERKELEY BARB")

WEB/sea
(5)
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968)
SUBJECT: COINTE PRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau airtel dated 10/10/68 requesting San Francisco to review this program and advise the Bureau specifically what steps were taken on the basis of information furnished by Chicago telephone call to San Francisco 10/4/68 to institute effective counterintelligence action against JERRY CLYDE RUBIN upon his arrival in San Francisco.

Immediately upon receipt of Chicago telephone call advising that a teletype was being prepared for the Bureau and San Francisco contacted a former SA of the FBI who is for United Airlines (UAL) at the San Francisco Airport, at his home. He stated he had not received any calls from his office regarding the fact that JERRY RUBIN was traveling to San Francisco at a reduced rate.

In Chicago telephone call and teletype, it should be noted Chicago advised it was the policy of some airlines to charge deceptive practices in such instances and have the person arrested by local police. Bureau airtel of 10/10/68 is not in agreement with the information furnished by Chicago telephone call and teletype on this point. The Bureau airtel states San Francisco was advised by Chicago of the policy followed in Chicago concerning violation of these regulations and this policy included arrest on charges of following deceptive practices. Chicago telephone call suggested San Francisco determine what policy was followed in San Francisco regarding possible arrest of RUBIN.
As a result of the contact by this office contacted various people at UAL at the San Francisco Airport and found they had, in fact, received a telephone call from Chicago UAL but had not bothered to advise the Investigations Office of this situation. Stated the procedure in a matter such as this in San Francisco is to contact the individual and ask him for the additional fare that is due. This was done by who initiated the action in line with the Bureau's desires. The policy of UAL is not to arrest the individual but to take civil action to reclaim the fare if it is not paid.

Advised the policy of UAL in San Francisco was that they could not make an arrest without the authority of their legal department, which would have been required in this instance and would not have been possible to get under the circumstances late on a Saturday night. believes this is the same policy that would be followed in Chicago. If UAL in Chicago was aware of the fact RUBIN was traveling with an illegal ticket UAL in Chicago could have denied him boarding in Chicago. However, once aboard the aircraft, the only action that could have been taken by UAL in San Francisco upon arrival was to request from him the additional fare and, if he refused, to consider civil action to recover the fare. It is not UAL's policy or in their interest to take civil action following such an incident as the amount involved is approximately $5.

UAL, San Francisco Airport, was contacted 10/14/68 to see if any additional action is being taken in this matter. He advised no known action was being taken at this time. He also advised he was quite certain the policy regarding arrests at UAL in Chicago is the same as that at UAL in San Francisco.

Bureau tel of 10/10/68 stated it appeared San Francisco did nothing more than make a perfunctory contact with UAL employees to determine what action they took with regard to RUBIN. This situation was brought to our attention under the caption, "JERRY CLYDE RUBIN, ARL (PRINCIPAL SUBJECT)" and San Francisco immediately initiated all of the action taken by UAL as a result of the telephone call from the FBI in Chicago and contacted the Agent in Charge of Investigations at his home who in turn supervised the complete operation at the San Francisco Airport at the time RUBIN arrived.
Referenced article also makes reference to the fact that there is no indication that the San Francisco police authorities were alerted to the arrival of RUBIN using a fraudulent ticket which occasion could possibly have justified his arrest. It should be noted the San Francisco Airport is under the jurisdiction of the San Mateo County Sheriff's Office which was alerted concerning RUBIN's arrival.

A careful review of the facts as set forth above will reflect that the San Francisco Office did everything that was possible under the circumstances in order to cause trouble for RUBIN upon his arrival at the San Francisco Airport as a result of his use of a reduced airline ticket. However, the policy of UAL in San Francisco was such that UAL would not entertain the idea of making an arrest on the spot.

As noted in San Francisco teletype to the Bureau dated 10/5/68, which reported this matter to the Bureau under the ARL caption, RUBIN was contacted by a representative of UAL and asked for the full fare. As it turned out, RUBIN uttered some obscenities and walked away.

This program has been reviewed with all of the agents assigned to the San Francisco Office, including all of the Resident Agents, and the importance of the program stressed. The need for alertness to this program has been brought to everyone's attention and an effort has been made to create an intelligent, enthusiastic and imaginative approach to the program.
To: SAC, San Francisco (100-60968)
From: Director, FBI (100-449698)

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

PERSONAL ATTENTION

Reference CGtel and telephone call 10/4/68 and your teletype 10/5/68 captioned "Jerry Clyde Rubin, ARL, (Principal Subject)."

On several recent occasions the Bureau has issued instructions pointing out the necessity for each Division to develop comprehensive, energetic, and imaginative plans for combating the New Left and its key disciples. Toward that end, the captioned Program was launched for the specific purpose of taking action against those individuals and organizations which have done so much to undermine the Nation's institutions.

By referenced CGtel and telephone call, you were advised, well in advance, of the arrival of Jerry Rubin, a key activist of the New Left, at San Francisco, as well as of the fact that he was using a reduced fare airline ticket to which he had no legal claim. You were also advised by Chicago of the policy followed in Chicago concerning persons violating these regulations. This policy included arrest on charges of following deceptive practices. In addition, you were also told that United Air Lines at Chicago had already notified United Air Lines at San Francisco of Rubin's flight and his use of the reduced airline ticket.

Notwithstanding past Bureau entreaties regarding the neutralization of these individuals, and in the face of a situation pregnant with possibilities for neutralizing one of
the most reprehensible of the New Left leaders, it appears your office did nothing more than to make a perfunctory contact with United Air Lines employees to determine what action they took with regard to Rubin.

On the basis of information furnished by your office in referenced teletype, there is no indication whatsoever that any inquiry was made as to the procedures followed by San Francisco airlines in cases of this sort or that San Francisco police authorities were alerted to the arrival of Rubin using a fraudulent ticket which occasion could possibly have justified his arrest.

The above circumstances indicate clearly that the Agents of your office have not yet grasped the significance of the Counterintelligence Program, are not alert to opportunities that may arise to counteract the New Left and its adherents, and are not sufficiently motivated to aggressive action.

In view of the foregoing, you are to personally review this Program with the Agent to which this Program is assigned and his immediate supervisor. By return airtel under instant caption, advise specifically what steps were taken on the basis of the information furnished by Chicago to institute effective counterintelligence action against Rubin in this instance.

You are to take immediate steps to institute procedures that will assure that similar failures do not occur in the future. The steps you plan taking to accomplish this are to be made a part of your airtel.

You will be expected to impress upon the personnel of your office, both Agent and Supervisory, the need for alertness in taking advantage of these situations and for creating an enthusiastic and imaginative approach to this entire Program.

Further slipshod handling of this Program will not be tolerated and future delinquencies will be dealt with severely.
TO: DIRECTOR, F I (100-449698)  
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION  
DATE: 10/9/68

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

SUBJECT: Cointelpro New Left

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

10/4 - 10/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
10/2/6 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"
Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, F.B.I. (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

DATE: 10/4/68

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

9/24/68 - 10/3/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
9/25/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

[Enclosures listed]

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
Memorandum

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

DATE: 9/25/68

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

9/20-5/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
9/18/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

(2) Bureau (Enc 8.12) (RM)
3 - San Francisco 0
1 - 100-609 8
1 - 100-610 9 ("EXPRESS TIMES")
1 - 100-558-0 ("BERKELEY BARP")

JEB/sea
(5)

EX 106

100-4446-68-47

NOT RECORDED
14 SEP 27 1968

Int. sec.
MEMO

TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)
ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY SECTION

FROM: [Signature]
AC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

DATE: 9/18/68

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.
Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

9/13-1/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
9/11/6 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

JEB/sea

58/55850 ("BERKELEY BARB")

BUY U.S. SAVINGS BONDS REGULARLY ON THE PAYROLL SAVINGS PLAN
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (157-8589)  
(100-449688)

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60482)  
(100-609668)

SUBJECT: DEMOCRACY

COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT
IS - Re San Francisco airtel 9/6/68 which enclosed copy of report of [illegible]

has reviewed photographs of ELDRIDGE CLEAVER, BOBBY SEALE and DAVID HILLIARD and advises it was not CLEAVER that we thought was the speaker at Black Panther Party rally at Chicago as set forth on Page 6 of his report. Source believes it was probably BOBBY SEALE but while he is able to furnish photograph and it appears to be SEALE, a definite identification cannot be made.

Copies of report of [illegible] should be changed to eliminate the name ELDRIDGE CLEAVER on Page 6 and substitute the words a black male.

S - Bureau (RM)  
3 - Chicago (RM)  
(2-100-44963)  
(1-100-COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT)  
4 - San Francisco  
JRS/dp  
(10)
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-149498)
DATE: 9/16/68
FROM: AC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968)
SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Re San Francisco letter, 8/8/68.

The San Francisco Office has the following unsolved incidents which involve bombings and burnings in which it would be reasonable that [redacted] could have had some involvement based on his background:

6/27/67 Bombing of Selective Service Boards, 46, 47, 48, 2101 Grove Street, Berkeley, California

6/10/68 Explosion, Local Draft Boards, 46, 47, 48, Berkeley, California

2/19/68 Arson - Naval ROTC Annex, Stanford University, Stanford, California

5/17/68 Second fire to Naval ROTC Annex

On September 6, 1968, Mr. [redacted] (Protect) San Francisco, California, stated that he had entered into a joint venture with [redacted] beginning July 19, 1968. This job had been under the supervision of his foreman and [redacted] had worked as part of the crew on this job. Mr. [redacted] stated that he has

3 - Bureau (1 - 100-149498) REC 5
4 - San Diego (2 - 100-12375)
   (1 - 25-22347) (1 - 14-92)
5 - San Francisco (1 - 100-60968)
   (1 - 25-68792) (1 - 52-15230)
   (1 - 52-15105)

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan
frequent contact with business matters and he would estimate that was at home approximately one month prior to employment on the aforementioned job, during which time he worked for his father when work was available. It is noted that was reported attending the National CDC Convention at Michigan State University at least until June 12, 1968, so it would appear that he returned to South San Francisco following this convention. His attendance at this convention would largely preclude his involvement in the 6/10/68 incident above.

A review on the file indicated that he was in the San Diego area from 1965 until approximately June, 1968. He is known to have been visiting in the San Francisco area within this period. San Diego is requested to attempt to ascertain whereabouts on 6/27/67, and on 2/19/68, and 5/17/68.

For the information of San Diego, was last reported to be in Chicago during the Democratic Convention. advised on 9/10/68, that he did not believe that had returned to the residence of his father as of that time. He stated he would advise immediately if he determines he has returned. It should be noted that MEADOWS had previously reported that had informed him that was believed to have none to San Diego with his girlfriend prior to going to Chicago. San Diego has previously identified this girlfriend as through pretext with her mother. was also identified as being in South San Francisco with it is requested that San Diego attempt to ascertain if might have returned to San Diego with possibly through pretext of the mother, and also determine if might be enrolled in San Diego State College for the fall term.

San Diego is further requested to review their files on to ascertain if he has been personally observed by an agent and if so, advised date and agent observing.
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)  
DATE: 9/10/68

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

ATTN: INTERNAL SECURITY DIVISION

SUBJECT: CINTEL PRO - NEW LEFT

Re Bureau letter dated 5/23/68.

Enclosed for the Bureau are the following two newspapers:

9/6 - 12/68 issue of the "Berkeley Barb"
9/4/68 issue of the "San Francisco Express Times"

NOT RECORDED
Authority to offer a reward of $200 for information leading to the identification of person or persons associated with the dynamiting of Berkeley, California, city property is denied.

It is not readily apparent as to how such a reward would accrue appreciable benefit to the Bureau. On the contrary, such a move could possibly become embarrassing to the Bureau should a New Leftist attempt to "bait the trap" by claiming to have information that he did not have. Further, it is not clear from reairstel as to how the post office box would be rented and in whose name.

You should, of course, alert your sources for information that would identify the individuals who were responsible for the dynamiting. Any information developed should be promptly furnished to the Bureau and appropriate local agencies.

NOTE: By reairstel SF requested authority to place an ad in the "Berkeley Barb," a local underground newspaper; the "Berkeley Gazette" and the "Oakland Tribune" offering a reward for the arrest and conviction of person or persons associated with the dynamiting of Berkeley property during the early morning hours of 9/2/68. SF suggested that a post office box be rented for the purpose of receiving replies from the ads. On the receipt of positive information SF wanted authority to pay up to $200. SF did not make it clear as to the mechanics involved in this procedure, but it is felt that we are dealing with a proposal that does not fit in the Counterintelligence Program and could be embarrassing to the Bureau. SF's request is being denied. The bombing aspects of this matter were discussed with the Civil Rights Division of the Department and no further investigation was requested. Coordinated with Supervisor Gehring General Investigative Division.
TO: DIRECTOR, FBI (100-449698)

FROM: SAC, SAN FRANCISCO (100-60968)(P)

SUBJECT: COINTELPRO - NEW LEFT

Reference is made to San Francisco teletypes submitted to the Bureau under the caption YOUNG SOCIALIST ALLIANCE - IS - IS, dated 9/2 and 3/68 and San Francisco letterhead captioned CIVIL DISTURBANCES, BERKELEY, CALIFORNIA, AUGUST 30 THROUGH SEPTEMBER 2, 1968, INFORMATION CONCERNING.

Captioned communications reported civil disturbances in Berkeley, California, during the period 8/30 to 9/3/68 that grew out of a ruling by the City of Berkeley that no assemblies could take place between the hours of 8 p.m. and 6 a.m. These disturbances have been the result of several radical groups composed of members from the Young Socialist Alliance, Students for a Democratic Society, Communist Party and other unaffiliated radicals. During the specific acts of violence that took place in Berkeley on 9/2/68, some dynamite was used which resulted in some damage to one of the buildings on Telegraph Avenue including the breaking of an eight inch watermain.

Permission is requested to attempt to place ads in the Berkeley Barb, a local underground newspaper that the Bureau is aware of, the Berkeley Gazette and the Oakland Tribune, offering a reward for the arrest and conviction of

Approved: ____________________  Sent ____________________  M  Per ____________________

Special Agent in Charge
person or person associated with the dynamiting of Berkeley property during the early morning hours of 9/2/68. Anyone having information is requested to contact Post Office Box ——, Berkeley, California. In the event positive information is obtained from this technique, $200 would be paid for information on SC authority and if the information was worth more, Bureau permission would be obtained for a suitable payment. There are several possibilities that might result from this technique; (1) We might be able to obtain people who have information or associated with the New Left in the East Bay Area; (2) It is highly possible that someone who knew about the Berkeley disturbances might furnish information identifying the persons responsible which, of course, would be the best thing that could happen.

Replies to the Post Office Box would be carefully evaluated and carefully handled. Permission is requested to proceed as outlined above under the COINTELPRO.
FBI
Date: 9/6/68

Transmit the following in

(TypE in plaintext or code)

Via

AIPTEL

AIR MAIL

(Priority)

TO

DIRECT R, FBI (100-449698)

FROM

SAC, S/N FRANCISCO (100-60968) (P)

SUBJECT

COINTEL PRO - NEW LEFT

Remytel, 9/5/68, and airtel dated 9/5/68, which
closed leaflet furnished by

Enclosed for the Bureau are five copies of report
of concerning the events he observed at Chicago,
Illinois, during the week of August 26-30, 1968, as well as
his comments which may provide background for Bureau in
preparation of brief regarding Chicago situation. Informant
has not had an opportunity to sign reports, but he dictated
them. The material contained therein is not confidential
since it does not refer to closed meetings.

Also enclosed are five sets of 62 photographs
which are numbered on the back and are described as follows:

1-4 Marchers from Lincoln Park are turned away from
entrance to Hilton Hotel by police Monday night
while carrying National Liberation Front (NLF)
(center) and black (far right) flags.

1-11 Protestors facing barricade with NLF flag and
peace flag.

Sent

Approved:

OFFICIAL AGENT IN CHARGE

SLP 25 1968

DCB

[Handwritten notes and signatures]
1-12 NBC truck filming Clark Street scene after tear gas was fired in Lincoln Park.

1-14 Demonstrators facing light from NBC truck.

1-16 ALLEN GINSBERG and others leading chant in front of NBC truck.

1-19 GINSBERG and others continuing to demonstrate for benefit of NBC truck.

2-1 Arrest of girl after main confrontation in front of Hilton Hotel Wednesday.

2-2 Arrest of priest or minister Wednesday after his refusal to move on.

2-3 PD Officer using mace on cameraman who refused to turn out light shining in officer's eyes.

2-4 West of Hilton Hotel near St. Mary's Chapel. Arrest of demonstrator who joined in setting up barricades on street.

2-5 and 2-7 National Guard line at Hilton Hotel.

3-1 and 3-2 "Free Huey" Rally in Lincoln Park Tuesday.

3-3, 3-4, Ministers or priests encouraging demonstrators to and 3-5 sit in Lincoln Park Tuesday night beyond curfew limit.

3-6, 3-7, Priests or ministers and demonstrators taunting police in Lincoln Park Tuesday night. (Police trucks and 3-8 and headlamps can be seen in background.)

3-9 Demonstrators running after tear gas fired in Lincoln Park Tuesday night.

3-12 Policeman dragging fallen demonstrator in Lincoln Park Tuesday night. This policeman, a few seconds later, was hit by a barrage of bricks and bottles from demonstrators and was forced by objects hitting him to drop demonstrator and retreat.
Demonstrators flee Lincoln Park Tuesday night after being gassed.

Entire group who had been hurling objects at police.

Two demonstrators in white T-shirts running laughing just after policeman had been hit with objects in Lincoln Park Tuesday night.

Police car, far left, speeding through crowd after being hit by barrage of objects.

Start of barrage on police car 8845 on Clark Street at Lincoln Park Tuesday.

Crowd from Lincoln Park overflowing into Old Town District of Chicago after being driven from Lincoln Park Tuesday night.

Line of National Guard preparing to stop marchers from leaving Grant Park Wednesday afternoon.

CBS Cameraman (with bandage over eye), who said he had been hit by a policeman Monday night.

JACK PERKINS of NBC News with demonstrators' flags in background.

Individuals facing camera sometimes acted as leaders of demonstration.

First police charge of demonstrators in front of Hilton Hotel showing pacifist type group seated.

Continuation of charge shown in 4-9.

Police dragging girl protestor to police wagon in front of Hilton Hotel.

Policeman moving demonstrator in front of Hilton Hotel.

Scene approximately two minutes after first police charge at Hilton Hotel Wednesday.
4-14 Police dragging demonstrator to patrol wagon.

5-2 PETER Y. RROW (Ph.) and MARY (LNU) of Peter, Paul, and Mary singing group entertaining demonstrators in front of Hilton Hotel, and type of public address system used by demonstrators.

6-1 One of demonstration leaders seated on grass. Note he met carried by girl.

6-2 and 6-3 Group of demonstrators equipped with helmets and gas masks posing for photographers in Lincoln Park Monday.

6-4, 6-5, 6-6 TOM HAYEN and other demonstrator in Lincoln Park Monday being arrested by plain-clothes officer.

7-1 DICK GRIGORY in white cap huddled around apparent leaders of march Thursday afternoon.

7-2 DICK GRIGORY and line of leaders of march Thursday afternoon.

8-1 Speaker helping to lead march Thursday afternoon.

8-2 and 8-3 Demonstrators passing police patrol wagon while on march Thursday afternoon. In 8-3 demonstrator is spraying police van with yellow paint.

8-4 DICK GRIGORY and three other leaders, Thursday afternoon.

8-5 and 8-6 A police official called "Commissioner" by members of press supervising demonstration Thursday afternoon. This police official was very friendly in relations with demonstration leaders.

9-1 thru 9-6 Demonstrators running from tear gas after gas was fired Thursday night.

9-9 and 9-10 Individuals attempting to repair flat tires from line of cars which had the air let out of their tires.

Chicago is being furnished one copy of report air mail special delivery, registered mail, and photographs will be sent under separate cover.